# **Firearms**



## **Firearms**

- 2011 Amendments
  - §2M5.2 (Exporting Arms or Munitions)
  - §2K2.1 (Straw Purchasers)
- Application of §2K2.1

 Categorical Approach and Armed Career Criminal

## 2011 Amendment: Exporting Arms or Munitions

#### §2M5.2

#### (a) Base Offense Level

- (1) 26, except as provided in subdivision (2) below;
- (2) 14 if the offense involved only (A) non fully-automatic small arms (rifles, handguns, or shotguns), and the number of weapons did not exceed 10-(2), (B) ammunition for non-fully automatic small arms, and the number of rounds did not exceed 500, or (C) both.



### Unlawful Receipt, Possession, or Transportation of Firearms; or Prohibited Transactions Involving Firearms

## 2K2.1

### Base Offense Level determined by:

- prior convictions
- status
- type of weapon

## 2K2.1

§2K2.1(a)(1) BOL 26, if (A) the offense involved a (i) semi-automatic firearm capable of accepting a large capacity magazine; or (ii) firearm that is described in 26 U.S.C. § 5845(a); and (B) the defendant committed any part of the instant offense subsequent to sustaining at least two felony convictions of either a crime of violence or a controlled substance offense



§2K2.1(a)(6) BOL **14**, if the defendant (A) was a prohibited person at the time the defendant committed the instant offense; or (B) is convicted under 18 U.S.C. § 922(d)

## 2K2.1 (Straw Purchaser Statues)

 18 U.S.C. § 922(d) - defendant unlawfully acquires a firearm and transfers (or otherwise disposes of) that firearm with knowledge or reason to believe that the other person is a prohibited person

## 2K2.1 (Straw Purchaser Statues)

 18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(6) - defendant unlawfully acquires a firearm by making a materially false statement regarding the lawfulness of the sale

 18 U.S.C. § 924(a)(1)(A) - defendant unlawfully acquires a firearm by making a false statement regarding information to be kept by a licensed firearms dealer

### 2011 Amendment: §2K2.1 (Increasing Sentences for Straw Purchasers)

- Increases BOLs for "straw purchasers" convicted under 18 USC § 922(a)(6) or 924(a)(1)(A) who commit the offense with knowledge, intent, reason to believe that the offense would result in transfer of firearm or ammunition to a prohibited person
  - Increased from 12 to 14 generally
  - Increased from 12 to 20 if certain firearms involved
  - Departure provision at App. Note 15 for certain "less culpable" straw purchasers

## 2011 Amendment: §2K2.1 (Firearms Crossing the Border)

- Adds a new alternative prong to §2K2.1(b)(6) ("in connection with" SOC) which applies if the defendant
  - Possessed any firearm or ammunition while leaving or attempting to leave the U.S., or
  - Possessed or transferred any firearm or ammunition with knowledge, intent, or reason to believe that it would be transported out of the U.S.

## Specific Offense Characteristics Issues

## §2K2.1(b)(1)

Number of firearms

 Determined by relevant conduct

## Specific Offense Characteristics Issues (cont.)

## §2K2.1(b)(4)

- Stolen gun/obliterated serial number
  - Strict liability standard
  - If any firearm (A) was stolen, increase by
     2 levels; or (B) had an altered or
     obliterated serial number, increase by 4
     levels

## **Trafficking SOC**

### 2K2.1(b)(5)

"If the defendant engaged in the trafficking of firearms, increase by 4 levels."

## Trafficking - 2K2.1, App. Note 13

- If the defendant:
  - transported, transferred, or otherwise disposed of two or more firearms to another individual or received such firearms with the intent to do so AND
  - knew or had reason to believe such conduct would result in the transport, transfer or disposal of a firearm to an individual
    - whose possession or receipt would be unlawful; or
    - who intended to use or dispose of the firearm unlawfully

### Trafficking - 2K2.1, App. Note 13 (cont.)

- Individual whose possession or receipt of the firearm would be unlawful means an individual who:
  - has a prior conviction for crime of violence, controlled substance offense, or misdemeanor domestic violence offense; OR
  - at the time of the offense was under a criminal justice sentence

### Trafficking - 2K2.1, App. Note 13 (cont.)

In a case in which three or more firearms were both possessed and trafficked, apply both subsections (b)(1) and (b)(5). Issues in Application of Use/Possession SOC and Cross Reference

### §2K2.1(b)(6) & (c)(1)

## 2K2.1(b)(6)

If the defendant used or possessed any firearm or ammunition in connection with another felony offense; or possessed or transferred any firearm or ammunition with knowledge, intent, or reason to believe that it would be used or possessed in connection with another felony offense; increase by 4 levels...

## §2K2.1(c)(1)

If the defendant used or possessed any firearm or ammunition in connection with the commission or attempted commission of another offense, or possessed or transferred a firearm or ammunition with knowledge or intent that it would be used or possessed in connection with another offense....

## Distinctions between §2K2.1(b)(6) and §2K2.1(c)(1)

 Generally does not reflect substantive distinctions

 While the cross reference does not require a felony, offense level unlikely to be greater for misdemeanor offenses

## Standard for "In Connection"

#### • 2K2.1, App. Note 14

 if the firearm facilitated, or had the potential of facilitating, another felony offense or another offense

 Adopted language from Smith v. United States, 508 U.S. 223 (1993)

## Pointers for §2K2.1(b)(6) and (c)(1)

- No conviction necessary
- Can be based on state offense

## **Standard for Drug Trafficking Offense**

## Application Note 14(B)

SOC and cross reference applies when a firearm is found in close proximity to drugs, drug-manufacturing materials, or drug paraphernalia

### **Standard for Burglary Offense**

### Application Note 14(B)

SOC and cross reference applies in the case of a defendant who takes a firearm during the course of a burglary, even if the defendant did not engage in any other conduct with that firearm during the course of the burglary

## 4B1.4 18 U.S.C. 924(e)

### 18 U.S.C. § 924(e)

Statutory penalty enhancement
 – 15 year mandatory minimum to life

- Does not need to be charged
- Notice of penalty enhancement required

A defendant is an Armed Career Criminal if:

- Instant offense is violation of 18 U.S.C.
   922(g)
- Defendant is subject to enhanced sentence under 18 U.S.C. 924(e)
- Defendant has three prior convictions for "violent felony" or "serious drug offense"

## "Violent Felony"

### 18 U.S.C. § 924(e)(2)

Any crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year that:

- Has an element the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person of another; OR
- Is burglary, arson, or extortion, involves use of explosives, or otherwise involves conduct that presents a serious potential risk of physical injury

## "Violent Felony" (cont.)

### 18 U.S.C. § 924(e)(2)

Any juvenile offense involving the use or carrying of a firearm, knife, or destructive device that would be punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year if committed by an adult that:

- Has an element the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person of another; OR
- Is burglary, arson, or extortion, involves use of explosives, or otherwise involves conduct that presents a serious potential risk of physical injury

"Violent Felony" (cont.)

### 18 U.S.C. § 924(e)(2)

 Distinct definition from §4B1.1/4B1.2, §2L1.2, and 18 U.S.C. § 16 **Categorical Approach** 

*Taylor v. U.S.* 495 U.S. 575 (1990) *Shepard v. U.S.* 544 U.S. 13 (2005)

### "Crime of Violence" / "Violent Felony"

- Begay v. U.S., 128 S. Ct. 1581 (2008)
  - New Mexico DUI statute not a "violent felony" under Armed Career Criminal Act (ACCA)
  - Key question: "whether the crime involves purposeful, violent, and aggressive conduct"
- U.S. v Chambers, 129 S. Ct. 687 (2009)
  - Illinois offense of "failure to report" is not a "violent felony" under the ACCA
- U.S. v. Johnson, 130 S. Ct. 1265 (2010)
  - Florida's battery conviction not a violent felony under "force" component because the statute did not require physical force of a violent nature

## "Serious Drug Offense"

### 18 U.S.C. § 924(e)(2)

- A federal offense listed under Title 21 or Title 46, Section 1901 of the U.S.C. that has a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more
- A state offense
  - That has a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more and
  - Involves manufacturing, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture or distribute a controlled substance
- <u>Note</u>: Distinct from §§2L1.2, 4B1.1/4B1.2 and 18 U.S.C. § 924(c)

### §4B1.4

 May increase Chapter Two and Three offense level

May increase Criminal History category

## Impact of 924(c) on SOC's

### 2K2.4 App. Note 4 & Amdmt. #599

- Do not apply firearm SOC in guideline for underlying offense
  - 924(c) accounts for any weapon SOC for the underlying offense
  - 924(c) accounts for any weapon within the relevant conduct

### Robbery & Use of a Firearm During Crime of Violence Offense

Count 1: §2B3.1	Count 2: §2K2.4
Robbery	Use of Firearm
20 <b>+</b> 2 = 20	18 USC § 924(c)
	60 mos. consecutive
Offense Level	
=20	

#### **Count 2 Consecutively to Count 1**

## Impact of 924(c) on SOC's (cont.)

- If there is also a conviction for which 2K2.1 applies (*e.g.*, felon in possession), do not apply SOC (b)(6)
  - 924(c) accounts for the conduct of this enhancement
  - 924(c) accounts for any weapon within the relevant conduct
  - Does not affect any other SOC, BOL, or crossreference at 2K2.1

## Impact of § 924(c) on Multiple Counts

## §§3D1.1(b) & 5G1.2(a)

- § 924(c) count excluded from grouping with any other count
- Sentence for § 924(c) count imposed independently
- Non-§ 924(c) counts where firearm SOC not applied may still group under Rule (c)

## "Grouping Rules"

## §3D1.2

### (a) Same Victim, Same Act

### (b) Same Victim, Two or More Acts

### (c) Conduct Treated by Characteristic

(d) Based on Aggregate

Robbery & Felon in Possession of a Firearm & Use of Firearm During Crime of Violence Offense



Group counts 1 and 2 under §3D1.2(c)

Count 3 runs consecutively

## Impact of a Single Count of 924(c) on Different Types of Offenses

### Impact: Single Count of § 924(c) & Multiple Counts of Armed Drug Trafficking



Impact: Single Count of § 924(c) & Multiple Counts of Armed Robbery

