

 <p><b>National Institute of Justice</b></p> <p><b>NIJ</b></p>	<p><b>Drug Courts and Treatment Options: Research and Evaluation</b></p> <p><i>U.S. Sentencing Commission's Symposium on Alternatives to Incarceration</i></p> <p><b>July 14, 2008</b></p>	
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 <p><b>National Institute of Justice</b></p> <p><b>NIJ</b></p>	<p><b><u>NIJ's Drugs and Crime Research Portfolio</u></b></p> <p>Informs crime reduction through:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Epidemiology – to increase our understanding of relationships between drugs, alcohol, violence and crime;</li> <li>2. <b>Prevention and Intervention – to identify and evaluate strategies to prevent, deter or reduce drug and alcohol-related crime (including treatment);</b></li> <li>3. Drug Markets – to increase our understanding about the dynamics of drug production and distribution in domestic and international markets;</li> <li>4. Market Disruption – to identify and evaluate strategies to disrupt drug markets at different levels and by type of market; and,</li> <li>5. Technology – to identify and assess new drug testing and detection methods, technologies and strategies.</li> </ol>
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<b>Past Prevention and Intervention Research</b>	
<p><b>Breaking the Cycle (BTC)</b></p> <p>Demonstration project tested feasibility and impact of system-wide interventions to reduce drug use among felony defendants in 3 sites; all drug screened as pretrial release condition; received drug testing and appropriate drug treatment if reported drug use, tested positive, or arrested on drug offenses.</p> <p>Process evaluation found problems in identifying and addressing range of drug-related problems, and in managing defendants across agencies; still, impact evaluation showed reductions in drug use and crime compared to similar defendants arrested in prior year.</p>	
<p><b>Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT)</b></p> <p>Assists development of RSAT programs in detention/correctional facilities in all States and territories.</p> <p>Survey of 384 adult program administrators Nationwide found that most programs offered fewer than 60% of evidence-based practices (EBPs) available; analysis showed that programs offering more EPBs were accredited, performance-based, offered better trained, and more regard for substance abuse treatment.</p>	

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<b><u>Drug Court Research Portfolio</u></b>		

- **Past Research and Evaluation** – Drug Courts: The Second Decade; NIJ Webcast (see NIJ website, specialized courts webpages)
- **Impact and Cost Studies** – Single-site studies based on archival data; Impact of a Mature Drug Court Over 10 Years of Operation: Recidivism and Costs (see clearinghouse at NCJRS)
- **Multi-Site Adult Drug Court Evaluation** – Multi-million dollar process, impact and cost study of 1800 probationers from 30 rural/suburban/ urban jurisdictions by Urban/RTI/CCI team
- **Local Program Evaluation and Performance Measures** – NADCP/NDCI training DVD

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<b><u>Variance in Drug Court Program Cost Studies</u></b>	
<p><b>University of Kentucky</b> (2001). Kentucky Drug Court Outcome Evaluation: Behavior, Costs, and Avoided Costs to Society - Daily cost of drug court participants ranged from \$3.58 to \$9.93 per day; avoided costs ranged from \$1.44 to \$2.27 per participant over 12-month followup</p>	
<p><b>University of Nebraska</b> (2004). Cost/Benefit Analysis of the Douglas County Drug Court - Investment cost was \$4803 for drug court participants compared to \$9,224 for traditionally-adjudicated offenders; annual outcome cost savings was \$2999 per participant over 24-month followup</p>	
<p><b>NPC Research</b> (2007). Indiana Drug Courts: A Summary of Evaluation Findings in Five Adult Programs - Cost savings per participant ranged from \$314 to \$7040 over the 24-month followup</p>	
<p><b>NPC Research</b> (2007). Impact of a Mature Drug Court Over 10 Years of Operation: Recidivism and Costs - \$1392 instant case savings, \$6744 outcome cost savings over 5-year followup</p>	

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<b><u>Drug Court Program and Evaluation Issues</u></b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identifying community priorities and program target population</li> <li>• Risk and needs assessment (alcohol and other drug use, comorbidity, public safety, and other concerns)</li> <li>• Treatment and ancillary service resources and delivery options</li> <li>• Judicial and other team training/experience</li> <li>• Graduated sanctions and rewards</li> <li>• Performance measures to demonstrate participant outcomes, and modify program given needs and resources over time</li> <li>• Cost avoidance estimation using local proxy measures</li> </ul>	

	<b>National Institute of Justice</b> <b>NIJ</b>
<b><u>NIJ Drugs and Crime Research Dissemination</u></b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>NIJ website</b> at <a href="http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/nij/">http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/nij/</a>; specialized courts</li> <li>• <b>NIJ Conference</b> 7/21/08-7/23/08 at Crystal Gateway Marriott, VA</li> <li>• <b>National Criminal Justice Reference Center</b> at <a href="http://www.ncjrs.gov/">http://www.ncjrs.gov/</a></li> <li>• <b>National Archive of Criminal Justice Data</b> at <a href="http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/">http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/</a></li> </ul>	

	<b>National Institute of Justice</b> <b>NIJ</b>
<b><u>NIJ Courts, Drugs and Crime Research and Evaluation</u></b>	
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