THERE WERE 75,836 CASES REPORTED TO THE UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION IN FISCAL YEAR 2014.

▶ IN 23.6% OF THESE CASES,<sup>1</sup> THE OFFENDER WAS CONVICTED OF AN OFFENSE CARRYING A MANDATORY MINIMUM PENALTY.

AT SENTENCING, 13.6% OF ALL OFFENDERS REMAINED SUBJECT TO A MANDATORY MINIMUM PENALTY.



# **Mandatory Minimum Penalties**

In fiscal year 2014, there were 16,048 offenders convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty. Of these offenders, 9,212 (57.4%) remained subject to a mandatory minimum penalty at sentencing.

## **Overview**

- In 23.6% of all cases, the offender was convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty.
- Drug trafficking offenses accounted for over two-thirds (67.8%) of the offenses carrying a mandatory minimum penalty, followed by firearms (15.2%) and child pornography offenses (7.9%).
- Over 40 percent (42.6%) of offenders convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum were relieved of the mandatory minimum penalty because:
  - 7.2% received relief through both the statutory safety valve provision<sup>2</sup> and by providing substantial assistance to the government;<sup>3</sup>
  - 14.5% received relief solely through the statutory safety valve provision; and
  - 20.9% received relief solely by providing the government with substantial assistance.
- As a result, 13.6% of all federal offenders remained subject to a mandatory minimum penalty at sentencing.

## **Offenders and Sentencing**

- Hispanic offenders accounted for the largest group (40.6%) of offenders convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty, followed by Black (29.9%), White (26.8%), and Other races (2.8%).
- The average sentence length of offenders who remained subject to a mandatory minimum penalty at sentencing was 140 months, over twice the average sentence of offenders receiving relief from such a penalty (67 months). The average sentence for offenders not convicted of any offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty was 28 months.
- Districts with the highest proportion of the overall caseload comprising convictions of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty:
  - District of Puerto Rico (56.6% of overall caseload);
  - Central District of Illinois (55.7%);
  - District of the Virgin Islands (43.1%);
  - Northern District of Iowa (42.2%); and
  - ♦ District of Guam (41.9%).

<sup>1</sup>The Commission excluded cases from the analyses performed in the report that lacked the necessary documentation. As a result, the numbers reported differ from the Commission's 2014 Sourcebook of Federal Sentencing Statistics.

<sup>2</sup> See 18 U.S.C. § 3553(f).

<sup>3</sup> See 18 U.S.C. § 3553(e).



**Offenders Convicted of Offenses Carrying** 







# Quick Facts

# **Offense Categories**

- Of the 21,475 *drug offenders* in fiscal year 2014, over one-half (52.2%) were convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty.
  - Less than half (46.4%) of drug offenders convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty remained subject to that penalty at sentencing.
    - The average sentence for drug offenders subject to a mandatory minimum penalty at sentencing was 127 months (with relief, 63 months) compared to 40 months for drug offenders not convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty.
  - Drug offenders were convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty most often in powder cocaine cases (68.7%). In contrast, such a penalty applied least often in marijuana cases (35.7%).
  - Crack cocaine offenders remained subject to mandatory minimum penalties at sentencing most often (in 35.9% of crack cocaine cases involving a conviction for an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty). In contrast, 12.6% of marijuana offenders remained subject to a mandatory minimum penalty at sentencing.
- There were 2,794 offenders convicted of a *firearms offense* carrying a mandatory minimum penalty (2,219 of whom were convicted under 18 US.C. § 924(c) and 551 of whom qualified as an Armed Career Criminal under 18 U.S.C. § 924(e)).
  - 77.5% of section 924(c) offenders remained subject to the mandatory minimum at sentencing.
    - ♦ The average sentence for section 924(c) offenders subject to the mandatory minimum penalty was 171 months (with relief, 107 months).
  - Almost 80 percent (78.0%) of Armed Career Criminals remained subject to the mandatory minimum penalty at sentencing.
    - ♦ The average sentence for Armed Career Criminals subject to the mandatory minimum penalty was 206 months (with relief, 115 months).
- Of the 2,652 *sex offenders* (cases involving sexual abuse or child pornography), 60.4% were convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty.
  - Of the 1,060 *sexual abuse offenders*, 59.2% were convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty.
    - ♦ The average sentence for sexual abuse offenders subject to the mandatory minimum penalty was 238 months (with relief, 159 months).
  - Of the 1,592 *child pornography offenders*, 61.2% were convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty.
    - ♦ The average sentence for child pornography offenders subject to the mandatory minimum penalty was 131 months (with relief, 94 months).
- Of the 1,144 *identity theft offenders* convicted of an offense under 18 U.S.C. § 1028A, 63.4% were subject to the mandatory minimum penalty at sentencing.
  - The average sentence for identity theft offenders subject to the mandatory minimum penalty was 66 months (with relief, 38 months).

# **Mandatory Minimum Penalties**

Average Sentence by Drug Type and Relief Status FY 2014



## Offenders Convicted of and Remaining Subject to Mandatory Minimum Penalties

Convicted of MM Subject to MM



## Average Sentence and Guideline Minimum for Offenders Convicted of an Offense Carrying Mandatory Minimum Penalty





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