In fiscal year 2017, there were 6,032 offenders convicted under 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) accounting for 9.0% of all offenders sentenced under the guidelines. The number of offenders sentenced under this statute had decreased from 5,616 in fiscal year 2013 to 4,984 in fiscal year 2015, but increased to 6,032 offenders in fiscal year 2017.

**Offender and Offense Characteristics**

- In fiscal year 2017, most offenders convicted of violating 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) were men (98.0%).
- Over half of these offenders were Black (53.0%) followed by White (24.4%), Hispanic (19.7%), and Other Races (2.9%).
- The average age of these offenders at sentencing was 34 years.
- Most of these offenders were United States citizens (93.6%).
- About one-quarter (24.9%) of offenders convicted under section 922(g) were assigned to the highest Criminal History Category (Category VI). The proportion of these offenders in other Criminal History Categories was as follows:
  - 8.5% of these offenders were in Category I;
  - 9.8% were in Category II;
  - 21.6% were in Category III;
  - 20.8% were in Category IV; and
  - 14.4% were in Category V.
- Districts with the highest proportion of their overall caseload comprising section 922(g) offenses were:
  - Western District of Tennessee (34.4%);
  - Eastern District of Missouri (34.1%);
  - Western District of Missouri (31.3%);
  - Northern District of Indiana (30.6%); and
  - Northern District of Alabama (30.1%).

**Punishment**

- Most offenders convicted under 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) were sentenced to imprisonment (97.8%).
- Less than one-fifth (14.1%) of these offenders were convicted of one or more statutes carrying a mandatory minimum penalty:
  - 4.4% were sentenced under the Armed Career Criminal Act (ACCA) (18 U.S.C. § 924(e));
  - another 4.5% were convicted of violating 18 U.S.C. § 924(c); and
  - another 5.2% were convicted of another statute carrying a mandatory minimum penalty (almost all of which were drug offenses).
- The average sentence imposed on section 922(g) offenders varied widely by whether a mandatory minimum penalty applied in the case.
Punishment (continued)

- The average sentence length for all section 922(g) offenders was 64 months; however, one-quarter of these offenders had an average sentence of 27 months or less while one-quarter had an average sentence of 78 months or more.
- The average sentence length for offenders convicted of violating only section 922(g) and who were sentenced under ACCA was 188 months.
- The average sentence length for offenders convicted of violating only section 922(g) but who were not sentenced under ACCA was 58 months.

Sentences Relative to the Guideline Range

- For each of the past five years, more than half of offenders convicted of violating 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) were sentenced within the range. However, the rate of within range sentences has decreased from 61.6% in fiscal year 2013 to 54.9% in fiscal year 2017.
- The rate of government sponsored below range sentences has increased for section 922(g) offenses from 15.6% in fiscal year 2013 to 16.4% in fiscal year 2017. In cases where the offender was not convicted of an additional offense and was not sentenced under ACCA, the rate of government sponsored below range sentences was higher, at 25.2% in fiscal year 2017.
- Substantial assistance departures were granted in 6.6% of all section 922(g) cases in fiscal year 2017. This represents 40.2% of all government sponsored below range sentences for these offenses.
  - In fiscal year 2017, these offenders received an average reduction of 44.6% in their sentences.
- In fiscal year 2017, 9.6% of offenders convicted of violating section 922(g) received a below range sentence sponsored by the government for reasons other than substantial assistance or participation in an Early Disposition Program (EDP).³
  - In fiscal year 2017, these offenders received an average reduction of 36.3% in their sentences.
- Over the last five years, the rate of non-government sponsored below range sentences for section 922(g) offenses has increased from 19.3% in fiscal year 2013 to 23.8% in fiscal year 2017.
- In fiscal year 2017, these offenders received an average reduction of 33.1% in their sentences.
- The average guideline minimum for section 922(g) offenses has decreased for the past five years, and the average sentence imposed has similarly decreased.
  - The average guideline minimum decreased from 83 to 71 months during that period;
  - The average sentence imposed decreased from 76 to 64 months.

³ “Early Disposition Program (or EDP) departures” represent cases in which the government sought a sentence below the guideline range because the defendant participated in the government’s Early Disposition Program, through which cases are resolved in an expedited manner.


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