

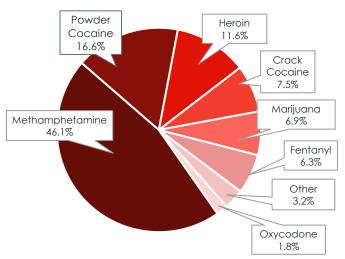
Drug Trafficking Offenses

Fiscal Year 2020

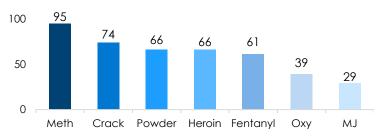
150

- ► IN FY 2020, 64,565 CASES WERE REPORTED TO THE U.S. SENTENCING COMMISSION.
 - 16,501 CASES INVOLVED DRUGS.¹
 - ► 16,287 CASES INVOLVED DRUG TRAFFICKING.²
 - ► SEVEN DRUG TYPES ACCOUNT FOR 96.8% OF DRUG TRAFFICKING OFFENSES.

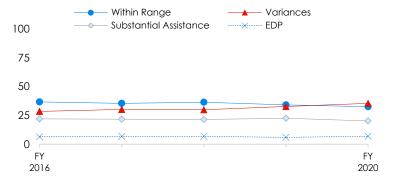
Distribution of Drug Types FY 2020



Average Sentence Length FY 2020 (months)



Sentence Relative to the Guideline Range (%)



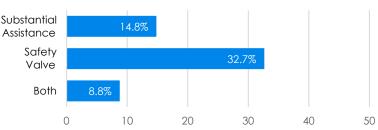
Offender and Offense Characteristics³

- 82.6% of drug trafficking offenders were men.
- 43.4% of drug trafficking offenders were Hispanic, 27.1% were Black, 26.3% were White, and 3.2% were Other races.
- Their average age was 37 years.
- 80.1% were United States citizens.
- 42.8% had little or no prior criminal history (Criminal History Category I); 5.9% were Career Offenders.
- Sentences were increased for:
 - possessing a weapon (25.1%);
 - a leadership or supervisory role in the offense (6.1%).
- Sentences were decreased for:
 - minor or minimal participation in the offense (19.2%);
 - meeting the safety valve criteria in the sentencing guidelines (34.5%).
- The top five districts for drug trafficking offenders were:
 - ♦ Southern District of California (1,225);
 - Western District of Texas (894);
 - Northern District of Texas (631);
 - ♦ Southern District of Texas (623);
 - ♦ District of Puerto Rico (415).

Punishment

- The average sentence for drug trafficking offenders was 76 months but varied by drug type.
- 96.6% were sentenced to prison.
- 66.8% were convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty; of those offenders, 56.3% were relieved of that penalty.

Means of Relief from Mandatory Minimum Penalty for Drug Traffickers



This document was produced and published at U.S. taxpayer expense. For more Quick Facts, visit https://www.ussc.gov/research/quick-facts.

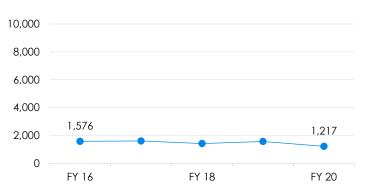


— Drug Trafficking Offenses —

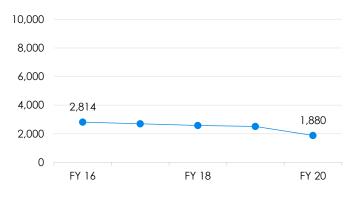
Change in number of trafficking offenders from FY 2016 to FY 2020:

- Methamphetamine increased 13.9%;
- Crack Cocaine decreased 22.8%;
- Powder Cocaine decreased 30.3%;
- Heroin decreased 33.2%;
- Fentanyl increased 1,946.0%;
- Oxycodone decreased 47.5%;
- Marijuana decreased 67.3%.

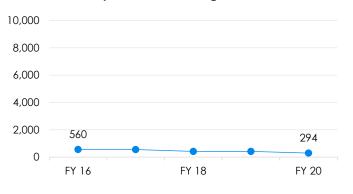
Crack Cocaine Trafficking Offenders



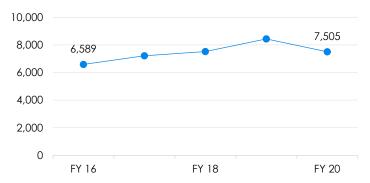
Heroin Trafficking Offenders



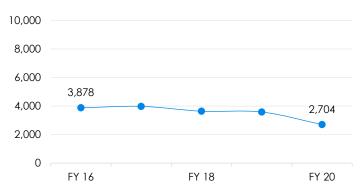
Oxycodone Trafficking Offenders



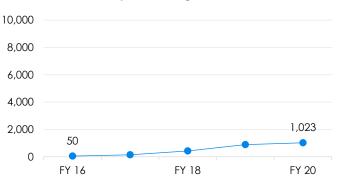
Methamphetamine Trafficking Offenders



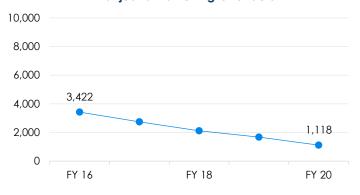
Powder Cocaine Trafficking Offenders



Fentanyl Trafficking Offenders



Marijuana Trafficking Offenders



¹ Drug offenses include cases where offenders were sentenced under USSG Chapter Two, Part D (Drugs).

² Drug Trafficking offenders were sentenced under USSG §§2D1.1 (Drug Trafficking), 2D1.2 (Protected Locations), 2D1.5 (Continuing Criminal Enterprise), 2D1.6 (Use of a Communication Facility), 2D1.8 (Rent/Manage Drug Establishment), 2D1.10 (Endangering Human Life), or 2D1.14 (Narco-Terrorism).

Cases with incomplete sentencing information were excluded from analysis.