

# QuickFacts

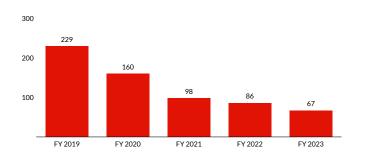
### **Counterfeiting Offenses**

#### **Population Snapshot**

64,124 cases were reported in FY23;67 involved counterfeiting.<sup>1</sup>

Counterfeiting offenses have decreased 71% since FY2019.

#### Number of Counterfeiting Offenses



#### Median Loss for Counterfeiting Offenses 8,000 6,000 4,000 2,000 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2023

#### Individual and Offense Characteristics<sup>2</sup>

83.1% of individuals sentenced for counterfeiting offenses were men.

43.1% were White, 43.1% were Black, 16.7% were Hispanic, and 10.6% were Other races.

Their average age was 36 years.

100.0% were United States citizens.

15.4% had little or no prior criminal history (Criminal History Category I).

The median loss for these offenses was \$8,640;<sup>3</sup>

- 42.9% involved loss amounts of \$6,500 or less;
- 9.6% involved loss amounts greater than \$40,000.

Sentences were increased for:

- manufacturing or producing counterfeit obligations or possessing counterfeit paper, altered currency paper, or a counterfeit deterrent (60.0%);
- a leadership or supervisory role in the offense (4.6%);
- obstructing or impeding the administration of justice (1.5%).

Sentences were decreased for:

• minor or minimal participation in the offense (1.5%).

The top five districts for individuals sentenced for counterfeiting offenses were:

- Western District of Louisiana (6);
- District of Minnesota (5);
- Eastern District of Washington (4);
- District of Kansas (4);
- Western District of Texas (3).

#### Punishment

The average sentence for individuals sentenced for counterfeiting offenses was 17 months.

81.5% were sentenced to prison.

4.6% were convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty; of those individuals, 33.3% of them were relieved of that penalty.





#### **Sentences Relative to the Guideline Range**

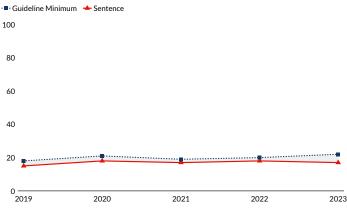
Of the 58.5% of individuals sentenced for counterfeiting offenses under the *Guidelines Manual*:

- 78.9% were sentenced within the guideline range.
- 13.2% received a substantial assistance departure.
  - Their average sentence reduction was 73.5%.
- 7.9% received some other downward departure.<sup>4</sup>
- 41.5% received a variance; of those individuals:
- 96.3% received a downward variance.
  - Their average sentence reduction was 59.1%.
- 3.7% received an upward variance.<sup>4</sup>

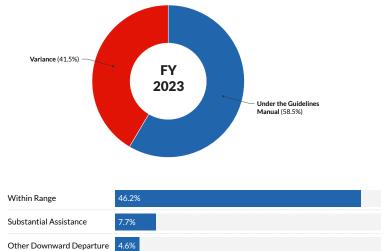
The average guideline minimum and average sentence imposed remained steady over the past five years.

- The average guideline minimum increased from 18 months in fiscal year 2019 to 22 months in fiscal year 2023.
- The average sentence imposed increased from 15 months in fiscal year 2019 and to 17 months fiscal year 2023.

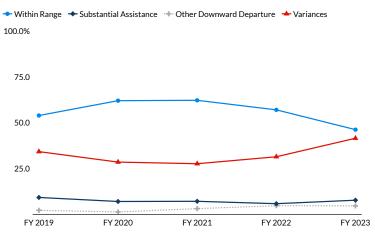
## Average Guideline Minimum and Average Sentence (months)



#### **Sentences Relative to the Guideline Range**



#### Sentences Relative to the Guideline Range



<sup>1</sup> Counterfeit offenses include cases in which the individual was sentenced under §2B5.1 (Offenses Involving Counterfeit Bearer Obligations of the United States).

<sup>2</sup> Cases with incomplete sentencing information were excluded from the analysis.

<sup>3</sup> The Loss Table was amended effective November 1, 2001 and November 1, 2015.

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 4}$  The Commission does not report the average for categories with three or fewer cases.