

United States Sentencing Commission Supervised Release Revocations Data Report



**2nd Quarter Release
Preliminary Fiscal Year 2026 Data
Through March 31, 2026**

Introduction

As part of its ongoing mission, the United States Sentencing Commission provides Congress, the judiciary, the executive branch, and the general public with data extracted from and based on sentencing documents submitted by courts to the Commission.¹ Data is reported on an annual basis in the Commission's *Annual Report* and *Sourcebook of Federal Sentencing Statistics*.²

The Commission also reports preliminary data for an on-going fiscal year in order to provide real-time analysis of sentencing practices in the federal courts. Since 2005, the Commission has published a series of quarterly reports that are similar in format and methodology to tables and figures produced in the *Sourcebook of Federal Sentencing Statistics*. The quarterly reports contain cumulative data for the on-going fiscal year (i.e., data from the start of the fiscal year through the most current quarter).

On April 27, 2025, the United States Sentencing Commission submitted to Congress Amendment 835 to the federal sentencing guidelines. That amendment revised Part D (Supervised Release) of Chapter Five (Determining the Sentence) and Chapter Seven (Violations of Probation and Supervised Release). The amendment made several overarching changes to these provisions. First, it emphasized the importance of judges making individualized decisions about supervised release at all relevant stages—including imposition, modification or extension, and revocation. Second, it underscored the authority of courts, in consultation with the probation officer, to reassess supervised release decisions after a defendant's release from imprisonment, including decisions about the length and conditions of supervision. Third, it underscored the rehabilitative purposes of supervised release in two ways. First, by dividing the provisions addressing violations of probation and violations of supervised release into separate parts of Chapter Seven. Second, by providing courts with greater discretion to respond to a violation of a condition of supervised release, including where appropriate, through alternatives to revocation and imprisonment. Amendment 835 went into effect on November 1, 2025.

According to the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, there were 118,248 individuals under federal post-conviction supervision as of December 31, 2025, the most recent date for which data was available.³ In calendar year 2025, the courts ordered 52,685 supervision cases closed. Of those, 33 percent were closed after revocation of the term of supervised release.

¹ In each federal felony or Class A misdemeanor case, sentencing courts are required to submit the following documents to the Commission: the Judgment and Commitment Order, the Statement of Reasons, the plea agreement (if applicable), the indictment or other charging document, and the Presentence Report. See 28 U.S.C. § 994(w).

² Electronic copies of the 1995-2025 ANNUAL REPORT and SOURCEBOOK OF FEDERAL SENTENCING STATISTICS are available at the Commission's website at www.ussc.gov.

³ Admin. Off. of U.S. Courts, *Data Table E-2 Federal Probation System – Persons Under Post-Conviction as of December 31, 2025* (2026), <https://www.uscourts.gov/data-news/data-tables/2025/12/31/statistical-tables-federal-judiciary/e-2>.

Another 18 percent were closed due to early termination of supervised release (which included cases where no violation of the term of supervised release had occurred).⁴

The Commission reports annually regarding the courts' imposition of terms of supervised release and the lengths of those terms.⁵ In response to requests from judges, Congress, researchers, other key stakeholders, and members of the public for more information about cases in which supervised release was revoked, the Commission has expanded its data collection and analysis efforts regarding those cases. In this report, the Commission presents data on cases in which the probation officer submitted a petition to revoke supervised release and where the court ordered the term of supervised release to be revoked.⁶ Data on cases in which the probation officer requested the court to modify the terms of supervised release after a violation of those terms, but did not seek revocation of that supervised release, are not included in this report. Similarly, cases where the probation officer requested the early termination of supervised release (i.e., that supervision be terminated without revocation), also are not included in this report.

The data in this report represents information concerning petitions for revocation of supervised release decided through March 31, 2026, and for which court documentation was received, coded, and edited at the Commission by July 9, 2026. For each of the tables and figures in this report, any case missing the specific item of information being reported was excluded from that table or figure.

⁴ Admin. Off. of U.S. Courts, *Data Table E-7A Federal Probation System – Post-Conviction Supervision Cases Closed With and Without Revocation by Type, During the 12-month Period Ending December 31, 2025* (2026), <https://www.uscourts.gov/data-news/data-tables/2025/12/31/statistical-tables-federal-judiciary/e-7a>.

⁵ See 2025 SOURCEBOOK OF FEDERAL SENTENCING STATISTICS tbl.18 (2026).

⁶ See also U.S. SENT'G COMM'N, FEDERAL PROBATION AND SUPERVISED RELEASE VIOLATIONS (2020).

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Table 1

SUPERVISED RELEASE REVOCATIONS IN EACH CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT¹
2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data

CIRCUIT			CIRCUIT		
District	N	%	District	N	%
TOTAL	9,326	100.0			
D.C. CIRCUIT	30	0.3	FIFTH CIRCUIT	1,968	21.1
District of Columbia	30	0.3	Louisiana		
			Eastern	13	0.1
			Middle	18	0.2
			Western	31	0.3
FIRST CIRCUIT	264	2.8	Mississippi		
Maine	25	0.3	Northern	36	0.4
Massachusetts	73	0.8	Southern	50	0.5
New Hampshire	23	0.2	Texas		
Puerto Rico	122	1.3	Eastern	106	1.1
Rhode Island	21	0.2	Northern	227	2.4
			Southern	733	7.9
SECOND CIRCUIT	368	3.9	Western	754	8.1
Connecticut	47	0.5			
New York			SIXTH CIRCUIT	747	8.0
Eastern	64	0.7	Kentucky		
Northern	62	0.7	Eastern	58	0.6
Southern	105	1.1	Western	32	0.3
Western	50	0.5	Michigan		
Vermont	40	0.4	Eastern	100	1.1
			Western	55	0.6
THIRD CIRCUIT	272	2.9	Ohio		
Delaware	12	0.1	Northern	156	1.7
New Jersey	78	0.8	Southern	89	1.0
Pennsylvania			Tennessee		
Eastern	56	0.6	Eastern	151	1.6
Middle	43	0.5	Middle	12	0.1
Western	80	0.9	Western	94	1.0
Virgin Islands	3	0.0			
			SEVENTH CIRCUIT	356	3.8
FOURTH CIRCUIT	812	8.7	Illinois		
Maryland	96	1.0	Central	41	0.4
North Carolina			Northern	69	0.7
Eastern	140	1.5	Southern	59	0.6
Middle	126	1.4	Indiana		
Western	117	1.3	Northern	44	0.5
South Carolina	118	1.3	Southern	73	0.8
Virginia			Wisconsin		
Eastern	97	1.0	Eastern	49	0.5
Western	41	0.4	Western	21	0.2
West Virginia					
Northern	43	0.5			
Southern	34	0.4			

Table 1 (cont.)

CIRCUIT			CIRCUIT		
District	N	%	District	N	%
EIGHTH CIRCUIT	1,101	11.8	TENTH CIRCUIT	753	8.1
Arkansas			Colorado	53	0.6
Eastern	74	0.8	Kansas	81	0.9
Western	22	0.2	New Mexico	260	2.8
Iowa			Oklahoma		
Northern	95	1.0	Eastern	27	0.3
Southern	120	1.3	Northern	58	0.6
Minnesota	51	0.5	Western	87	0.9
Missouri			Utah	149	1.6
Eastern	233	2.5	Wyoming	38	0.4
Western	161	1.7			
Nebraska	92	1.0	ELEVENTH CIRCUIT	735	7.9
North Dakota	73	0.8	Alabama		
South Dakota	180	1.9	Middle	21	0.2
			Northern	83	0.9
NINTH CIRCUIT	1,920	20.6	Southern	94	1.0
Alaska	49	0.5	Florida		
Arizona	560	6.0	Middle	184	2.0
California			Northern	45	0.5
Central	176	1.9	Southern	163	1.7
Eastern	90	1.0	Georgia		
Northern	93	1.0	Middle	29	0.3
Southern	414	4.4	Northern	52	0.6
Guam	14	0.2	Southern	64	0.7
Hawaii	23	0.2			
Idaho	58	0.6			
Montana	123	1.3			
Nevada	79	0.8			
Northern Mariana Islands	3	0.0			
Oregon	76	0.8			
Washington					
Eastern	82	0.9			
Western	80	0.9			

¹ The courts reported 9,360 decisions regarding a petition to revoke supervised release. The courts ordered the supervised release revoked in 9,326 cases, continued and modified the conditions of supervised release in 19 cases, terminated the supervised release without revocation in nine cases, and took no action in six cases.

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Table 2

**DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS
IN CASES WITH SUPERVISED RELEASE REVOCATIONS
2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data**

Demographics	N	%
Race/Ethnicity		
White	2,367	25.4
Black	3,257	35.0
Hispanic	2,971	31.9
Other	714	7.7
Total	9,309	100.0
Citizenship		
U.S. Citizen	8,471	90.9
Non-Citizen	844	9.1
Total	9,315	100.0
Gender		
Male	8,601	92.2
Female	725	7.8
Total	9,326	100.0
Age		
	Mean	Median
At Original Sentence	34	32
At Commencement of Supervision	40	39

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Table 3

**ORIGINAL TYPE OF CRIME
IN CASES WITH SUPERVISED RELEASE REVOCATIONS
2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data**

TYPE OF CRIME	N	%
TOTAL	9,323	100.0
Administration of Justice	67	0.7
Antitrust	0	0.0
Arson	23	0.2
Assault	221	2.4
Bribery/Corruption	2	0.0
Burglary/Trespass	16	0.2
Child Pornography	331	3.6
Commercialized Vice	4	0.0
Drug Possession	4	0.0
Drug Trafficking	2,942	31.6
Environmental	1	0.0
Extortion/Racketeering	17	0.2
Firearms	2,546	27.3
Food and Drug	0	0.0
Forgery/Counter/Copyright	28	0.3
Fraud/Theft/Embezzlement	426	4.6
Immigration	1,454	15.6
Individual Rights	7	0.1
Kidnapping	25	0.3
Manslaughter	26	0.3
Money Laundering	57	0.6
Murder	41	0.4
National Defense	18	0.2
Obscenity/Other Sex Offenses	200	2.1
Prison Offenses	115	1.2
Robbery	443	4.8
Sexual Abuse	230	2.5
Stalking/Harassing	51	0.5
Tax	8	0.1
Other	20	0.2

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Table 4

**SELECTED ORIGINAL SENTENCING FACTORS
IN CASES WITH SUPERVISED RELEASE REVOCATIONS
2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data**

Sentencing Factors	%
Weapon^{1,2}	16.5
Weapon Specific Offense Characteristic	11.1
Firearms Mandatory Minimum Applied	6.1
Safety Valve¹	19.0
Guideline Role Adjustments¹	
Aggravating Role (USSG §3B1.1)	3.3
Mitigating Role (USSG §3B1.2)	6.7
Obstruction Adjustment (USSG §3C1.1)	2.8
Sentence Relative to the Guideline Range	
Within Range	48.1
Above Range	4.0
Below Range	47.9
Criminal History Category	
I	23.3
II	11.1
III	18.7
IV	14.5
V	10.4
VI	22.0
Career Offender (§4B1.1)¹	5.5

¹ These sections were limited to cases with complete guideline application information.

² In certain cases the court applied the weapon specific offense characteristic and the sentenced individual was also convicted of a firearms offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty.

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Table 5

**SELECTED REVOCATION INFORMATION
IN CASES WITH SUPERVISED RELEASE REVOCATIONS
2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data**

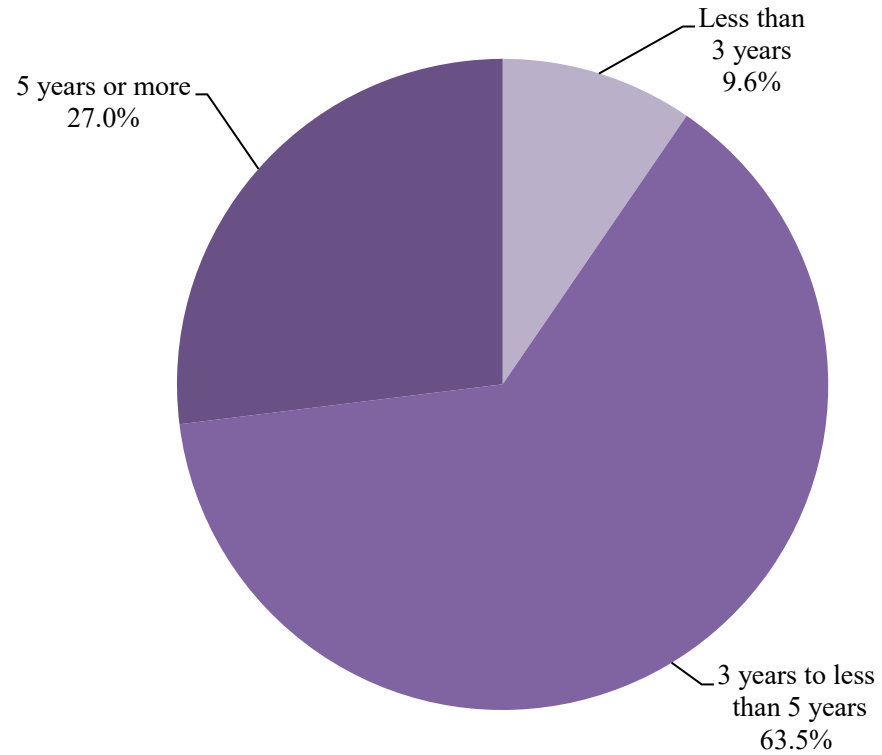
Revocation Information		
Court Findings	N	%
Violation(s) Admitted	8,152	87.4
Violation(s) Not Admitted	495	5.3
Both	253	2.7
Undetermined	426	4.6
	Mean	
Number of Violations Alleged	4	
Number of Violations Found	3	
	Mean	Median
Months From Supervision Start Until Revocation	24	18
	Mean	Median
Months From First Found Violation Until Revocation	13	8
	N	%
Cases with Prior Revocation	2,478	26.6

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Figure 1

ORIGINAL SUPERVISED RELEASE SENTENCE IN CASES WITH SUPERVISED RELEASE REVOCATIONS

2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data

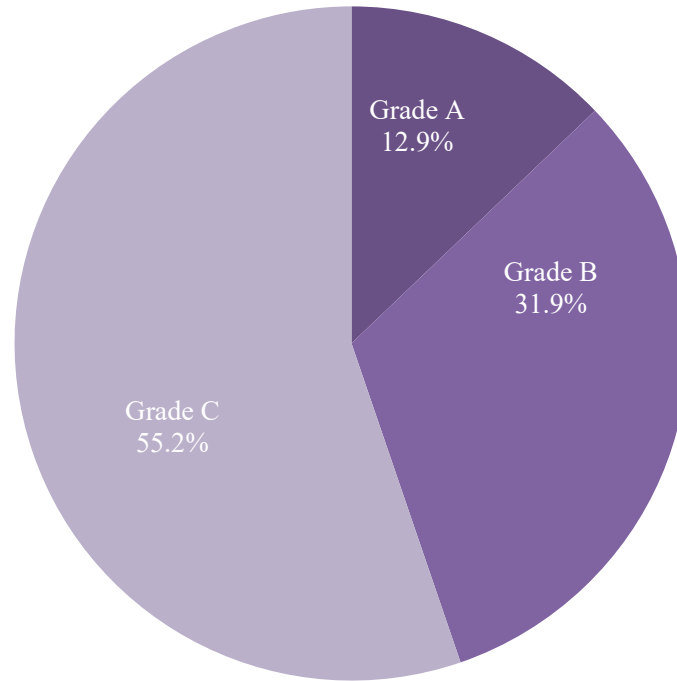


SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Figure 2

HIGHEST GRADE OF VIOLATION IN CASES WITH SUPERVISED RELEASE REVOCATIONS

2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data



SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Table 6

**OFFENSES FOUND BY THE COURT IN GRADE A
REVOCATIONS OF SUPERVISED RELEASE¹**

2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data

OFFENSES	N	%
Drug Trafficking	490	48.1
Aggravated Assault	145	14.2
Weapons Offenses	117	11.5
Drug Possession	73	7.2
Robbery	64	6.3
Forcible Sex Offense	25	2.5
Murder	21	2.1
Simple Assault	21	2.1
Intimidation (Not Witness)	9	0.9
Burglary	9	0.9
Kidnapping	7	0.7
Fraud	5	0.5
Larceny/Motor Vehicle Theft	5	0.5
Other Violent Offense	3	0.3
Public Order	3	0.3
Escape/Flight	2	0.2
Court Violation	2	0.2
Unspecified Manslaughter	1	0.1
Non-Negligent Manslaughter	1	0.1
Intimidating a Witness	1	0.1
Child Abuse	1	0.1
Arson	1	0.1
Unspecified Drug Offense	1	0.1
Rioting	1	0.1
Immigration	1	0.1
All Other Offenses	10	1.0
TOTAL	1,019	100.0

¹ Many revocation cases involved multiple violations found by the court. (See Table 5.) Consequently, the total number of offenses and technical violations cited in this table exceeds the total number of cases in which a revocation was ordered. For information on the classification of violations see U.S. Sent’g Comm’n, Guidelines Manual §7C1.1 (2025).

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Table 7

**OFFENSES FOUND BY THE COURT IN GRADE B
REVOCATIONS OF SUPERVISED RELEASE¹**

2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data

OFFENSES	N	%
Drug Possession	1,382	40.0
Immigration	527	15.2
Weapons Offenses	483	14.0
Larceny/Motor Vehicle Theft	142	4.1
Fraud	128	3.7
Escape/Flight	105	3.0
Court Violation	91	2.6
Aggravated Assault	88	2.5
Public Order	71	2.1
Burglary	69	2.0
Drug Trafficking	60	1.7
Simple Assault	53	1.5
DUI	42	1.2
Unspecified Drug Offense	26	0.8
Other Property	25	0.7
Intimidation (Not Witness)	23	0.7
Forcible Sex Offense	22	0.6
Traffic	17	0.5
Other Violent Offense	14	0.4
Robbery	11	0.3
Kidnapping	9	0.3
Hit and Run with Bodily Injury	9	0.3
Intimidating a Witness	4	0.1
Child Abuse	4	0.1
Vehicular Manslaughter	3	0.1
Arson	3	0.1
Murder	1	0.0
Embezzlement	1	0.0
All Other Offenses	44	1.3
TOTAL	3,457	100.0

¹ Many revocation cases involved multiple violations found by the court. (See Table 5.) Consequently, the total number of offenses and technical violations cited in this table exceeds the total number of cases in which a revocation was ordered. For information on the classification of violations see U.S. Sent’g Comm’n, Guidelines Manual §7C1.1 (2025).

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Table 8

**TECHNICAL VIOLATIONS FOUND BY THE COURT IN GRADE C
REVOCATIONS OF SUPERVISED RELEASE¹
2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data**

TECHNICAL VIOLATIONS	N	%
Refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance and submit to drug testing	4,657	25.6
Required to participate in a program for substance abuse, which program may include testing	2,083	11.4
Not commit another federal, state, or local offense	1,259	6.9
Report to the probation officer as instructed	986	5.4
Not unlawfully possess a controlled substance	952	5.2
Live at a place approved by the probation officer, and notify the probation officer before any change	894	4.9
Follow the instructions of the probation officer related to the conditions of supervision	794	4.4
Not use or possess alcohol	600	3.3
Notify the probation officer if the defendant is arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer	591	3.2
Not communicate or interact with someone the defendant knows is engaged in criminal activity	496	2.7
Not knowingly leave the federal judicial district where he or she is authorized to reside without permission	493	2.7
Work full time at a lawful type of employment, and notify the probation officer before any change	481	2.6
Reside in a community treatment center, halfway house or similar facility	479	2.6
Required to participate in a mental health program	453	2.5
Not reenter after deportation	414	2.3
Answer truthfully the questions asked by the probation officer	407	2.2
Make restitution and pay the assessment imposed, and adhere to any court-established payment schedule	282	1.5
Report to the probation office within 72 hours of release from imprisonment	208	1.1
Limited in the use of a computer or an interactive computer service due to being a sex offender	204	1.1
Serve home detention as a substitute for imprisonment	115	0.6
Not own, possess, or have access to a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or dangerous weapon	114	0.6
Required to participate in a program for the treatment and monitoring of sex offenders	109	0.6
If a fine is imposed, the defendant shall adhere to an installment schedule to pay that fine	88	0.5
Allow the probation officer to visit the defendant at any time	83	0.5
Required to register and comply with the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act	58	0.3
Restricted to his or her place of residence during evening and nighttime hours (curfew)	51	0.3
Participate in a General Education Development (or similar) program, vocational training, or skills training	49	0.3
Attend an offender rehabilitation program that has been approved by the court	43	0.2
Participate in community service	43	0.2
Other	723	4.0
TOTAL	18,209	100.0

¹ Many revocation cases involved multiple violations found by the court. (See Table 5.) Consequently, the total number of offenses and technical violations cited in this table exceeds the total number of cases in which a revocation was ordered. For information on the classification of violations see U.S. Sent’g Comm’n, Guidelines Manual §7C1.1 (2025).

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Table 9

**OFFENSES FOUND BY THE COURT IN GRADE C REVOCATIONS OF SUPERVISED
RELEASE FOR VIOLATIONS OF STANDARD CONDITION ONE^{1,2}
2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data**

OFFENSES	N	%
Traffic	173	14.0
Drug Possession	162	13.1
Public Order	155	12.5
DUI	135	10.9
Simple Assault	109	8.8
Larceny/Motor Vehicle Theft	88	7.1
Aggravated Assault	71	5.7
Unspecified Drug Offense	59	4.8
Immigration	59	4.8
Other Property	49	4.0
Intimidation (Not Witness)	33	2.7
Court Violation	30	2.4
Escape/Flight	24	1.9
Fraud	20	1.6
Drug Trafficking	16	1.3
Weapons Offenses	13	1.0
Child Abuse	9	0.7
Burglary	6	0.5
Forcible Sex Offense	5	0.4
Other Violent Offense	4	0.3
Kidnapping	2	0.2
Robbery	2	0.2
Hit and Run with Bodily Injury	1	0.1
Arson	1	0.1
Rioting	1	0.1
Embezzlement	1	0.1
All Other Offenses	12	1.0
TOTAL	1,240	100.0

¹ For information on the classification of violations see U.S. Sent’g Comm’n, Guidelines Manual §7C1.1 (2025).

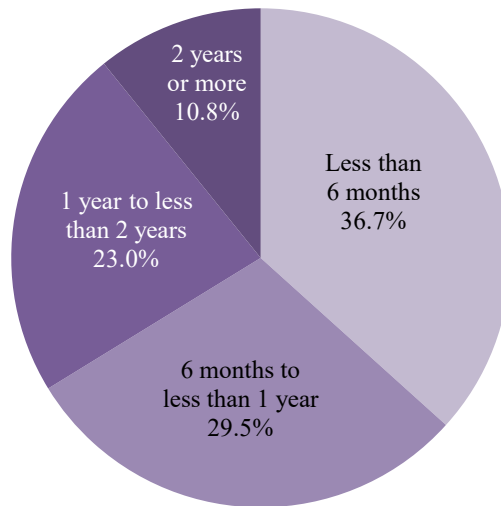
² Standard Condition One is "The defendant shall not commit another federal, state or local offense." U.S. Sent’g Comm’n, Guidelines Manual §5D1.3(a)(1) (2025).

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

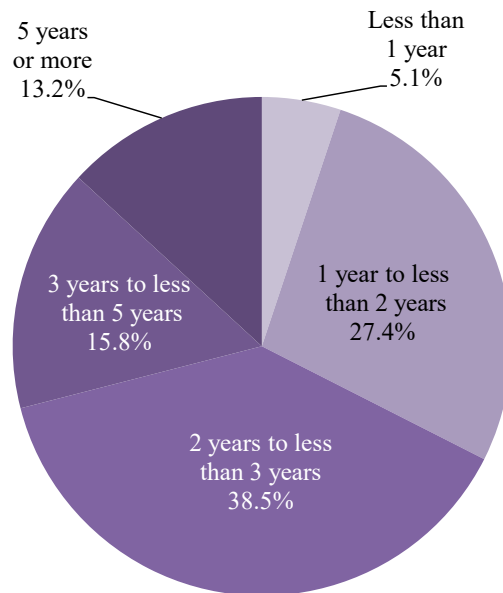
Figure 3

**SENTENCE IMPOSED AT REVOCATION HEARING
IN CASES WITH SUPERVISED RELEASE REVOCATIONS
2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data**

LENGTH OF NEW IMPRISONMENT ORDERED



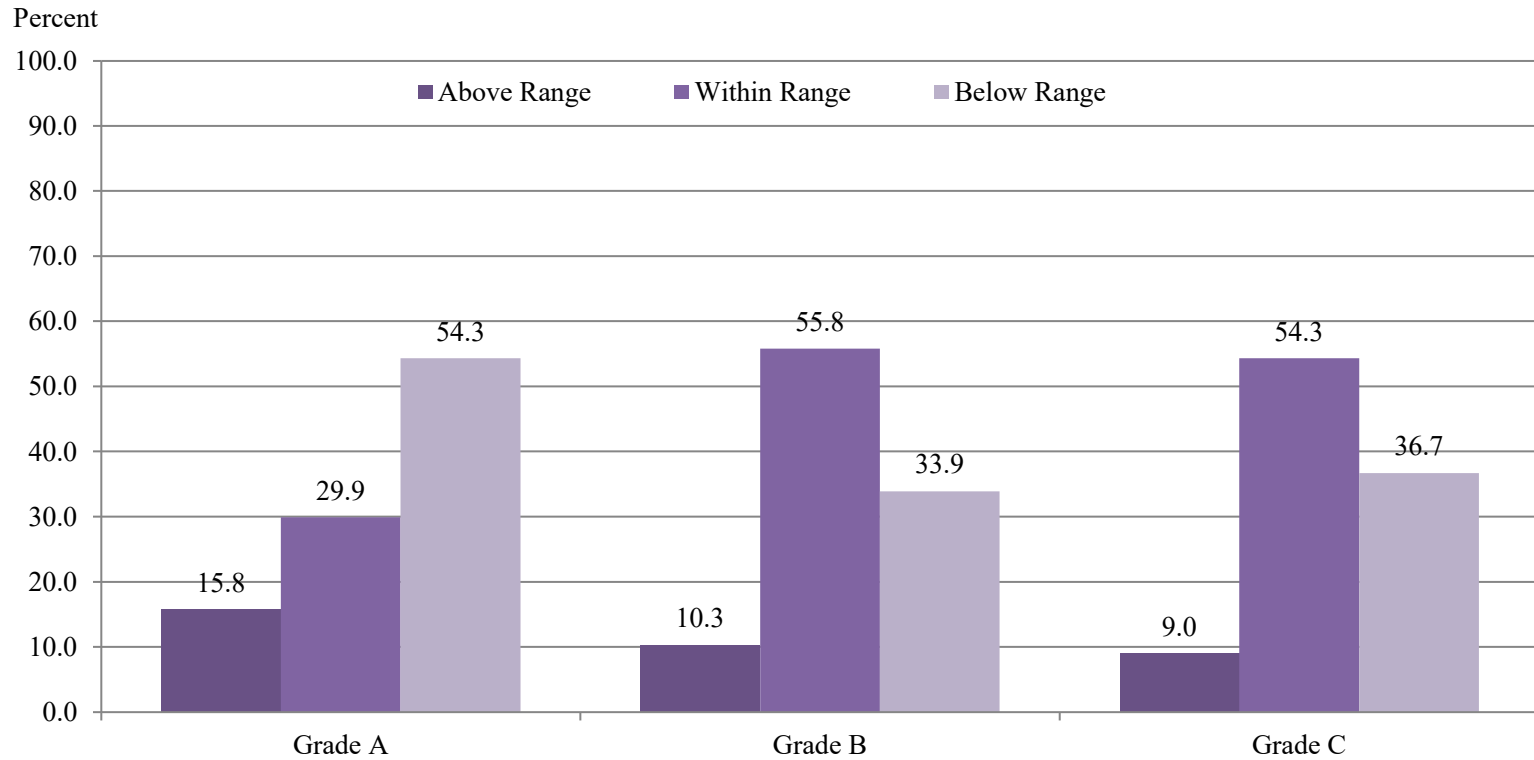
LENGTH OF NEW TERM OF SUPERVISION ORDERED



SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.

Figure 4

SENTENCE RELATIVE TO THE REVOCATION TABLE RANGE BY GRADE OF SUPERVISION VIOLATION
2nd Quarter 2026 Preliminary Cumulative Data



SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, Preliminary 2026 Revocation Datafile.