UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION

VARIABLE CODEBOOK FOR 21 U.S.C. § 851 / ENHANCED DRUG PENALTY DATAFILE



DOCUMENTATION FOR FISCAL YEARS 2016 - 2024

INTRODUCTION

In FY 2016, the Commission began collecting data on enhanced drug penalties in federal drug trafficking cases. Sentenced individuals in these cases are primarily convicted of offenses under title 21 of the United States Code. These statutes prohibit the distribution, manufacture, or importation of controlled substances, and possession with intent to distribute controlled substances. They also prohibit certain specific acts like distributing drugs to persons who are under the age of 21 or who are pregnant, using persons under the age of 18 in drug operations, and distributing drugs in or near schools and colleges. The most commonly prosecuted drug offenses often carry mandatory minimum penalties under 21 U.S.C. §§ 841 and 960. Under both provisions, mandatory minimum penalties are tied to the quantity and type of controlled substance involved in the offense. When the statutory quantity thresholds are met, a five-year mandatory minimum penalty and a maximum term of 40 years apply. Larger amounts increase the mandatory minimum penalty to ten years and the maximum penalty to of life imprisonment. Higher penalty ranges may also apply if death or serious bodily injury resulted from use of the controlled substance.

The statutory minimum penalties may be enhanced if an individual sentenced for a drug offense has one or more prior convictions for specific offenses. Individuals sentenced before December 21, 2018, and who otherwise qualified for the five-year mandatory minimum penalty were subject to an increased statutory range of ten years to life if they had a prior conviction for a "felony drug offense." Similarly, a ten-year mandatory minimum penalty could be enhanced to 20 years for one prior felony drug offense, while individuals previously convicted of two or more drug felonies were subject to a mandatory term of life imprisonment. For sentences otherwise increased due to a death or serious bodily injury, a prior felony drug offense further increased the mandatory minimum sentence. Finally, even for individuals who were convicted under a provision that did not carry a mandatory minimum penalty, such as 21 U.S.C. § 841(b)(1)(C), a prior conviction for a felony drug offense could increase statutory maximum penalty from 20 years to 30 years.

On December 21, 2018, the First Step Act of 2018² went into effect. Section 401 of that Act modified the type of prior convictions that trigger these enhanced sentences and also lowered some of the enhanced minimum penalties that apply. For individuals sentenced after December 21, 2018, who were convicted of an offense carrying a five-year or ten-year mandatory minimum penalty, these penalties can now be enhanced only for a prior "serious drug felony;" but they also may now be enhanced for a prior "serious violent felony." However, individuals convicted under a provision that does not carry a mandatory minimum penalty, such as 21 U.S.C. § 841(b)(1)(C), remain subject to an enhanced statutory maximum penalty for any felony drug offense (but not for any prior violent offense). Also, for individuals sentenced after December

¹ This term is defined at 21 USC § 802(44).

² Pub. L. No. 115-391 (2018).

³ This term is defined at 21 USC § 802(57).

⁴ This term is defined at 21 USC § 802(58).

21, 2018, a qualifying prior conviction can increase a ten-year mandatory minimum only to 15 years, while two prior qualifying convictions can increase the ten-year penalty only to 25 years.

Sentenced individuals who are subject to enhanced penalties also are subject to enhanced terms of supervised release. For example, courts must impose a term of supervised release of at least five years for any individual convicted pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 841(b)(1)(A) or § 960(b)(1). Similarly, individuals convicted under 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(b)(1)(B) and 960(b)(2) must receive a term of supervised release of at least four years. However, when the individual has a prior conviction that enhances a mandatory minimum penalty, the mandatory term of supervised released is doubled.

These enhanced penalties are not automatically triggered upon conviction. Prosecutors must take affirmative steps prior to trial or the entry of a guilty plea for the increased penalties to apply. The additional procedural requirements are listed in 21 U.S.C. § 851. This procedural provision is usually not listed on the Judgment & Commitment order (J&C) as a count of conviction, therefore, information about which sentenced individuals received these penalties was not captured in the Commission's individual datafiles before fiscal year 2016. Using optical character recognition (OCR) technology, the Commission now reviews all court documents submitted to the Commission to identify cases that may involve an enhanced drug penalty. The identified cases are then reviewed by Commission staff and information related to the application of the enhanced drug penalties is entered into the 21 U.S.C. § 851/enhanced drug penalty datafile.

This codebook documents the various data fields that are recorded and the changes that have occurred to the datafile (addition/removal of fields as well as changes to values) over time. Researchers are cautioned to be mindful of the period being studied and whether it was before or after the effective date of the First Step Act, as the Commission's data collection process for these cases changed due to the statutory amendments made by that Act.

How to Use the USSC Criminal History Codebook

The first column in the codebook, NAME, lists the name of each variable in alphabetical order. The second column, FORM, describes whether the variable is coded as numeric (NUM), character (CHAR), or date (DATE). This column also lists the length of each variable. The third column, CODES, lists all the values for each variable and describes what those values mean. The final column, DESCRIPTION, describes the uses and creation of each variable.

Some of the variables in this datafile describes elements of convictions in a sentenced individual's criminal history. Each variable is numbered, which corresponds to a conviction. For example, PRSNDT1, PROFFN1, and PRSENT1 are variables for the first conviction on the datafile, PRSNDT2, PROFFN2, and PRSENT2 correspond to the second conviction on the data file, etc. Convictions are not always in order on the data file from earliest to latest conviction.

NAME	FORMAT	CODES	DESCRIPTION
CRMHT851	NUM 3	0 = No (PSR is present, no drug priors) 1 = Yes 2 = CH Unavailable • = Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	Indicates whether the sentenced individual has any (felony or misdemeanor) prior drug offenses documented in the PSR, regardless of whether they received criminal history points.
CTRELIEF	NUM 3	0 = No 1 = Yes · = Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	Indicates whether the court found the 21 U.S.C. § 851 enhancement did not apply, for a reason other than safety valve or USSG §5K1.1 (substantial assistance), for cases in which the section 851 enhancement was not withdrawn. For example, immediately after enactment of the First Step Act, courts often determined that an sentenced individual's prior convictions did not satisfy the new requirements for section 851 enhanced penalties and dismissed the enhancement. In those cases this variable is "Yes."
DGMAX851	NUM 4	Range: 1 thru 9997 9996 =Life 9997 =Death • = Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	Represents mandatory maximum sentence (in months) associated with any count of conviction that is a drug statute.
DGMIN851	NUM 4	Range: 0 thru 9997 9996 = Life 9997 = Death = Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	Represents mandatory minimum sentence (in months) associated with any count of conviction that is drug statute.
FILED	NUM 3	0 = Not filed, no mention 1 = Filed 2 = Undetermined 3 = Not Filed, DOJ agreed not to file 4 = Not Filed, PO states could have filed • = Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	Indicates whether the government filed a 21 U.S.C. § 851 enhancement in the case, regardless of whether the enhancement applied at sentencing. "Not Filed" (0) and "Undetermined" (2) cases are not on the final datafile.

FILEDATE	DATE		The date when the government filed a 21
TILLEDITIE	4		U.S.C. § 851 enhancement in the case.
			FORMAT: MMDDYY10.
INDTDATE	DATE		The date of the original indictment or
	4		information.
			FORMAT: MMDDYY10.
OFFENNUM	NUM	Range: 1 thru 90	Number of prior criminal history events.
OFFERINGIN	3	0 = None	Trumber of prior erinimar history events.
		· = Missing, Indeterminable, or	
		Inapplicable	
PRCHPT1 thru	NUM	Range: 1 thru 3	Indicates the number of criminal history points
PRCHPTX	3	0 = None	assigned to a prior conviction. The end points
		· = Missing, Indeterminable, or	for this variable are denoted with X because
		Inapplicable	the total number of criminal history events
			recorded varies from case to case and year to
			year.
PRFELN1 thru	NUM	$0 = N_0$	Indicates whether a prior conviction is a felony
PRFELNX	3	1 = Yes	offense. The end points for this variable are
		2 = Undetermined	denoted with X because the total number of
		\cdot = Missing, Indeterminable, or	criminal history events recorded varies from
		Inapplicable	case to case and year to year. Note: this
			variable is relevant only to individuals
			sentenced prior to December 21, 2018. After
			that date the Commission collected information
			only on felony offenses.
PROFFN1 thru	NUM	1 = Murder/Attempted Murder	The criminal history offense code that
PROFFNX	4	2 = Unspecified Manslaughter	identifies a prior offense that did or could have
		3 = Non-Negligent Manslaughter	triggered a section 851 enhanced penalty.
		4 = Vehicular Manslaughter	
		6 = Kidnapping	For individuals sentenced before December 21,
		8 = Forcible Sex Offense	2018, only offenses numbered 340 to 445 will
		9 = Robbery 10 = Aggravated Assault	have been coded (as prior to that date violent offenses could not serve as a predicate offense
		11 = Simple Assault	for section 851 enhanced penalties). Also,
		12 = Intimidating A Witness	prior to December 21, 2018, all prior felony
		13 = Intimidation (Not Witness)	drug offenses were coded, regardless of
		14 = Hit And Run With Bodily	whether there was an indication of which
		Injury	offense or offenses served as the basis for the
		15 = Extortion	section 851 enhanced penalties.
		16 = Child Abuse	
		17 = Other Violent Offense 19 = Arson	For individuals sentenced on and after December 21, 2018, only the serious drug
		19 = Arson 27 = Weapons Offenses	felony or serious violent felony that served as
		29 = Rioting	the basis for the enhanced penalty was coded.
		340 = Trafficking Heroin	If the specific prior offenses serving as that
		345 = Trafficking Cocaine Or Crack	basis could not be determined from the court
		(Only Used Prior to FY18)	documents, all prior serious drug felony
		346 = Trafficking Cocaine	offenses and serious violent felony offenses
		347 = Trafficking Crack	were coded.
		350 = Trafficking Other/Unspecified	N. C. T. I. I.
		Controlled Substance	Note: for individuals sentenced on or after
İ	Î	360 = Trafficking Marijuana	December 21, 2018, but who were not

	I	275 T CC 1: 36 4 1 :	1 6 66
		375 = Trafficking Methamphetamine 380 = Possession Of Heroin 385 = Possession Of Cocaine Or Crack (Only Used Prior to FY18) 386 = Possession Of Cocaine 387 = Possession Of Crack 390 = Possession Of Other/Unspecified Controlled Substance 400 = Possession Of Marijuana 415 = Possession Of Methamphetamine 420 = Unspecified Heroin Offense 425 = Unspecified Cocaine Or Crack Offense ((Only Used Prior to FY18) 426 = Unspecified Cocaine Offense 427 = Unspecified Crack Offense 430 = Other/Unspecified Drug Offense 440 = Unspecified Marijuana Offense 445 = Unspecified Marijuana Offense 445 = Unspecified Methamphetamine Offense	convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty, any felony drug offense (but not a violent offense) could trigger the enhanced statutory maximum penalty. If the court identified the specific offense, only that offense was coded. If not, all prior felony drug offenses were coded. This field may be missing if no prior offenses appeared to qualify as predicate offenses for the section 851 enhancement. For individuals sentenced before FY 2018, in criminal history events where multiple offenses were sentenced on the same day, this code captures only the single most serious drug offense sentenced on a particular day. The end points for this variable are denoted with X because the total number of criminal history events recorded varies from case to case and year to year.
PRSENT1 thru PRSENTX	NUM 4	Range: 1 thru 9997 9996 = Life 9997 = Death • = Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	The length of the prison sentence imposed for prior offense (in months). The end points for this variable are denoted with X because the total number of criminal history events recorded varies from case to case and year to year.
PRSNDT1- PRSNDTX	DATE 8		The date the individual was sentenced for the prior offense. The end points for this variable are denoted with X because the total number of criminal history events recorded varies from case to case and year to year. FORMAT: MMDDYY10.
RELIEF	NUM 3	0 = No 1 = Safety Valve 2 = 5K 3 = Both ·= Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	Indicates whether the defendant received relief from the drug mandatory minimum penalty through application of the statutory Safety Valve (18 U.S.C. § 3553(f)) or by providing substantial assistance to the government (USSG §5K1.1).
STMAX851	NUM 4	Range: 1 thru 9997 9996 =Life 9997 =Death = Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	Total statutory maximum prison term for all counts (in months). Note: this value may be higher than the statutory maximum penalty for any drug conviction if the sentenced individual was also convicted of a non-drug offense.

STMIN851	NUM 4	Range: 0 thru 9997 9996 = Life 9997 = Death = Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	Total statutory minimum prison term for all counts of conviction (in months). Note: this value may be higher than the statutory minimum penalty for any drug conviction if the sentenced individual was also convicted of an offense requiring the imposition of a consecutive mandatory penalty (pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 924(c) or 18 U.S.C. § 1028A).
USSCIDN	NUM 6	Range: 7 numbers	Unique sequential identification number given to cases upon receipt at the Commission.
WITHDRWN	NUM 3	0 = No 1 = Yes 2 = Undetermined 3 = At least 1 withdrawn/at least 1 remains • = Missing, Indeterminable, or Inapplicable	Indicates whether the section 851 enhancement was withdrawn on or before the date of sentencing. Note: value "3" was added for cases in which the individual was sentenced in FY 2017 and later.