

Orozco, Garcia Reynaldo
Name and Reg. No. [REDACTED]

Date: 9-13-17

Dear Members of the U.S. Sentencing Commission: —

Re: 2018 Guideline Amendment Priorities

The U.S. Sentencing Commission is tasked by statute with ensuring that the Sentencing Guidelines are "formulated to minimize the likelihood that the Federal prison population will exceed the capacity of the Federal Prisons" 28 U.S.C. 994(g). While the federal prison population has declined in recent years, every federal prison in the nation continues to operate at levels in excess of original design and capacity.

Overpopulated prisons are less safe for staff and inmates, make the delivery of medical care and other essential services more difficult and impede the ability of the B.O.P. to provide meaningful rehabilitation programs to inmates who genuinely want to make a better future of themselves.

The current Guideline Sentencing Table is overly punitive and should be amended consistent with FARM and Prisology's proposals. This in turn would not affect the public safety as it proved with Amendment 782 to the Guidelines and would save taxpayers billions of dollars as a result of this change.

I support the work that FARM and Prisology is doing to reform the criminal justice system. I am writing to strongly urge the Commission to make these proposed new changes a priority during the Commission's 2018 Guideline Amendment cycle, as these changes are simple and easily administrable.

Thank you for your consideration of my comments.

Sincerely,

Orozco, Garcia Reynaldo
Name and Reg. No. [REDACTED]

9-13-17
Date

U.S. SENTENCING COMMISSION

Attn. Public Affairs Priority Comments

One Columbus Circle, NE, Suite 2-500, south Lobby

Washington, DC 20002-8002

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] IN RE; 2018 Sentencing Amendments

Dear Sentencing Commission Members,

I want to Support the Sentencing Commissions 2018 proposed Priority Amendment to decreased the Sentencing Guidelines on an overall two point decrease. I also prefer the version of the change offered by the Prisology Group.

If made law and when retroactively applied this Amendment will not reconcile all the injustices created over the last 30 years, but is a commonsense place to start. While it is not a big reduction for any one person, it is simple, fare and easy for the Courts to implement, with no expected adverse effects.

I want to thank all the Commissioners on your dedicated work with the Sentencing Guidelines and appreciate any consideration you give on my request on the reduction in Sentencing Guidelines.

Sincerely



Tuesday 10/3/2017

Ricardo J. Arellano [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

U.S. Sentencing Commission
One Columbus Circle N.E. Suite 2500
Washington D.C. 20002-8002

Re: Proposed Amendment for First Time Offenders

I was sentence to 34 years back in [REDACTED] for arm bank robbery (U.S.C. § 2113 (a)(e)), even though I was a first time offender and I plead guilty to the bad decision I took [REDACTED] whenever I committed my crimes. This proposed amendments will help me to have an opportunity for redemption, and a chance to show society that some people do change after going to prison. Please support this bill because this is the only way some first time offenders will get some kind of relief. Thank you for your time and concern.

Respectfully,

Ricardo Arellano

Ricardo Arellano
[REDACTED]