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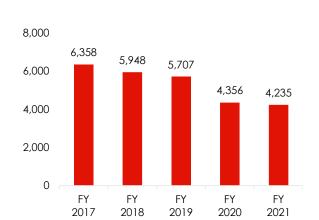
— Theft, Property Destruction, and Fraud Offenses —

#### Fiscal Year 2021

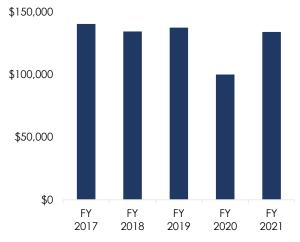
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- ► IN FY 2021, 57,287 CASES WERE REPORTED TO THE U.S. SENTENCING COMMISSION.
  - 4,235 OF THESE INVOLVED THEFT, PROPERTY DESTRUCTION, AND FRAUD.<sup>1</sup>
    - ► THEFT, PROPERTY DESTRUCTION, AND FRAUD OFFENSES HAVE DECREASED BY 33.4% SINCE FY 2017.

#### Number of Theft, Property Destruction, and Fraud Offenders



#### Median Loss for Theft, Property Destruction, and Fraud Offenses



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### Offender and Offense Characteristics<sup>2</sup>

- 69.1% of theft, property destruction, and fraud offenders were men.
- 42.9% were White, 30.2% were Black, 19.3% were Hispanic, and 7.6% were Other races.
- Their average age was 43 years.
- 85.1% were United States citizens.
- 71.0% had little or no prior criminal history (Criminal History Category I).
- The median loss for these offenses was \$134,086;<sup>3</sup>
  - ♦ 14.5% involved loss amounts of \$6,500 or less;
  - ♦ 15.0% involved loss amounts greater than \$1.5 million.
- Sentences were increased for:
  - the number of victims or the extent of harm to them (30.6%):<sup>4</sup>
  - sophisticated means used to execute or conceal the offense (16.1%);
  - using an unauthorized means of identification (14.5%);
  - ◆ a leadership or supervisory role in the offense (9.9%);
  - abusing a public position of trust or using a special skill (18.7%);
  - obstructing or impeding the administration of justice (3.9%).
- Sentences were decreased for:
  - minor or minimal participation in the offense (3.5%).
- The top five districts for theft, property destruction, and fraud offenders were:
  - Central District of California (190);
  - ♦ Southern District of New York (171);
  - Western District of Texas (167);
  - Southern District of Florida (165);
  - ♦ Northern District of Texas (162).

#### **Punishment**

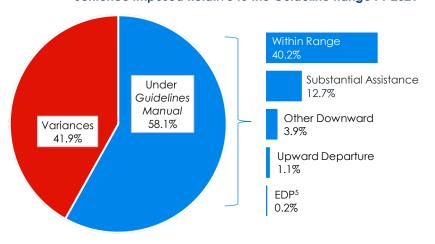
- The average sentence length was 21 months.
- 70.9% of theft, property destruction, and fraud offenders were sentenced to prison.
- 10.5% were convicted of an offense carrying a mandatory minimum penalty; of those offenders, 26.1% were relieved of that penalty.

## Theft, Property Destruction, and Fraud Offenses

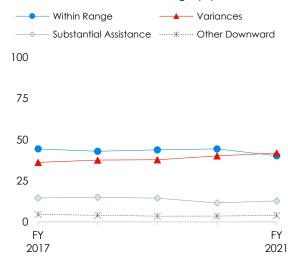
## Sentences Relative to the Guideline Range

- Of the 58.1% of theft, property destruction, and fraud offenders sentenced under the Guidelines Manual:
  - 69.2% were sentenced within the guideline range.
  - 21.9% received a substantial assistance departure.
    - ♦ Their average sentence reduction was 64.3%.
  - ♦ 6.8% received some other downward departure.
    - ♦ Their average sentence reduction was 58.8%.
- 41.9% received a variance; of those offenders:
  - 94.5% received a downward variance.
    - ♦ Their average sentence reduction was 59.6%.
  - ♦ 5.5% received an upward variance.
    - Their average sentence increase was 94.6%.
- The average guideline minimum and average sentence imposed remained steady over the past five years.
  - The average guideline minimum decreased from 32 months in fiscal year 2017 to 30 months in fiscal year 2021.
  - ♦ The average sentence imposed decreased from 23 months in fiscal year 2017 to 21 months in fiscal year 2021.

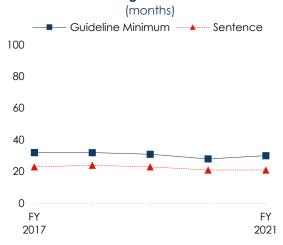
#### Sentence Imposed Relative to the Guideline Range FY 2021



# Sentence Relative to the Guideline Range (%)



#### Average Guideline Minimum and Average Sentence



- <sup>1</sup> Theft, Property Destruction, and Fraud offenses include cases in which the offender was sentenced under §2B1.1 (Larceny, Embezzlement, and Other Forms of Theft; Offenses Involving Stolen Property; Property Damage or Destruction; Fraud and Deceit; Forgery; Offenses Involving Altered or Counterfeit Instruments Other than Counterfeit Bearer Obligations of the United States).
- <sup>2</sup> Cases with incomplete sentencing information were excluded from the analysis.
- <sup>3</sup> The Loss Table was amended effective November 1, 2001 and November 1, 2015.
- <sup>4</sup> The Victims Table and Sophisticated Means adjustment were amended effective November 1, 2015.
- 5 "Early Disposition Program (or EDP) departures" are departures where the government sought a sentence below the guideline range because the defendant participated in the government's Early Disposition Program, through which cases are resolved in an expedited manner. See USSG §5K3.1.