- THERE WERE 84,173 CASES REPORTED TO THE UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION IN FISCAL YEAR 2012.
- THEFT, PROPERTY DESTRUCTION, AND FRAUD OFFENSES<sup>1</sup> ACCOUNT FOR 11.4% OF THE FEDERAL CASELOAD DURING THIS TIME PERIOD.<sup>2</sup>
- THESE OFFENDERS ARE SENTENCED UNDER SECTION 2B1.1 OF THE U.S. SENTENCING COMMISSION'S GUIDELINES MANUAL.

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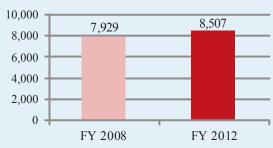
#### Theft, Property Destruction, and Fraud Offenses<sup>1</sup>

#### Offender and Offense Characteristics Number of §2B1.1 Offenders

- In fiscal year 2012, most offenders sentenced under §2B1.1 were male (66.4%).
- Nearly half were White (47.9%) followed by Black (31.3%), Hispanic (13.9%), and Other Races (6.9%).
- The average age of these offenders at sentencing was 42 years.
- These offenses were committed mostly by U.S. citizens (87.6%) compared to non-citizens (12.4%).
- The majority of §2B1.1 offenders had little or no prior criminal history (71.4% of these offenders were assigned to Criminal History Category I).
- The median loss in these cases was \$95,408.
  - 83.0% of §2B1.1 offenses involved loss amounts of \$1 million or less.
  - 53.9% of §2B1.1 offenses involved loss amounts of \$120,000 or less.
- Sentences under §2B1.1 were increased for:
  - 22.8% of offenders because of the number of victims:
    - ♦ 13.2% involved 10 or more victims or mass-marketing;
    - 6.1% involved 50 or more victims;
    - 3.5% involved 250 or more victims.
  - 12.7% of offenders because the offender used sophisticated means to execute or conceal the offense.
  - 11.7% of offenders for using an unauthorized means of identification.
  - 10.5% of offenders for having a leadership or supervisory role in the offense.
  - 15.6% of offenders for abusing a public position of trust or using a special
  - 4.3% of offenders for obstructing or impeding the administration of justice.
- Sentences under §2B1.1 were decreased for:
  - 6.0% of offenders because they were a minor or minimal participant in the offense.

#### **Punishment**

- More than two-thirds of offenders under §2B1.1 were sentenced to imprisonment (69.0%).
- The average sentence length for offenders under §2B1.1 was 22 months.



#### **Top Five Districts** §2B1.1 Offenders FY 2012

Southern District of Florida (N=490)

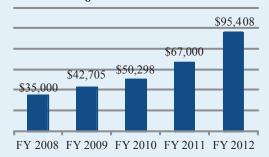
Southern District of New York (N=309)

Central District of California (N=274)

Middle District of Florida (N=274)

Western District of Texas (N=255)

#### **Median Loss for** §2B1.1 Offenders



- <sup>1</sup> Theft, Property Destruction, and Fraud Offenses include cases with complete guideline application information in which the offender was sentenced under §2B1.1 (Larceny, Embezzlement, and Other Forms of Theft; Offenses Involving Stolen Property; Property Damage or Destruction; Fraud and Deceit; Forgery; Offenses Involving Altered or Counterfeit Instruments Other than Counterfeit Bearer Obligations of the United States) using a Guidelines Manual in effect on November 1,
- <sup>2</sup>Of the 84.173 offenders sentenced in fiscal year 2012, 9,678 were excluded from this analysis due to incomplete guideline application information

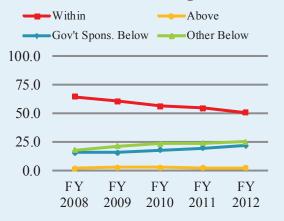


### Theft, Property Destruction, and Fraud Offenses

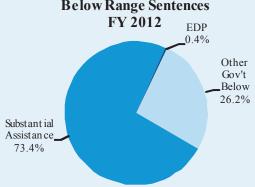
#### **Sentences Relative to the Guideline Range**

- For each of the past five years, the rate of within range sentences for §2B1.1 offenses has steadily decreased (64.5% in fiscal year 2008 to 50.6% in fiscal year 2012).
- In each of the past five years, approximately one-fifth of §2B1.1 offenders received a sentence below the applicable guideline range because the government sponsored the below range sentence.
  - Substantial assistance departures were granted in approximately 12% to 16% of §2B1.1 offenses in each of the past five years.
    - ♦ These offenders received an average reduction of 59.9% in their sentence during the five year time period (which corresponds to an average reduction of 20 months).
  - Other government sponsored departures were granted in approximately 3% to 6% of §2B1.1 offenses in each of the past five years.
    - ♦ These offenders received an average reduction of 58.5% in their sentence during the five year time period (which corresponds to an average reduction of 15 months).
- The rate of non-government sponsored below range sentences steadily increased over the past five years (from 17.8% of §2B1.1 offenses in fiscal year 2008 to 25.2% in fiscal year 2012).
  - ♦ Reductions for non-government sponsored below range sentences were smaller than in cases in which the government sponsored a below range sentence, with an average reduction of 54.1% over the five year time period (which corresponds to an average reduction of 13 months).
- Both the average sentence and the average guideline minimum for offenders sentenced under §2B1.1 have increased over the past five years.
  - The average guideline minimum increased from 22 months to 29 months during that period;
  - The average sentence imposed increased from 19 months to 22 months.

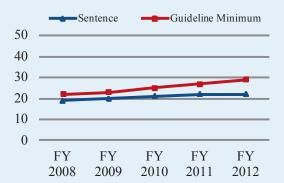
## Sentence Relative to the Guideline Range



#### Government Sponsored Below Range Sentences



#### Average Sentence and Average Guideline Minimum (in months)





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