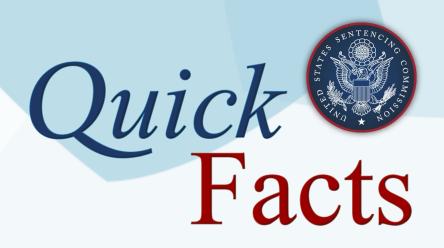
► THERE WERE 66,873 CASES REPORTED TO THE UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION IN FISCAL YEAR 2017.¹

► OF THESE CASES, 1,057 INVOLVED MONEY LAUNDERING.²

► THESE OFFENDERS WERE SENTENCED UNDER SECTION 2S1.1 OF THE U.S. SENTENCING COMMISSION'S *GUIDELINES MANUAL*.



Money Laundering Offenses¹

In fiscal year 2017, there were 1,057 money laundering offenders, who accounted for 1.7% of all offenders sentenced under the guidelines. The number of money laundering offenders has decreased slightly during the last five years.

Offender and Offense Characteristics

- In fiscal year 2017, more than three-quarters of money laundering offenders were men (76.1%).
- More than one-third each were Hispanic (39.9%) or White (35.6%) followed by Black (18.5%), and Other Races (6.0%).
- The average age of these offenders at sentencing was 42 years.
- The majority of money laundering offenders were United States citizens (74.0%).
- The majority of money laundering offenders had little or no prior criminal history (71.0% of these offenders were assigned to Criminal History Category I).
- The Guideline Base Offense Level for:

◆ 68.7% of money laundering offenders was based on the underlying offense from which the laundered funds were derived. Nearly two-thirds of the underlying offenses were Drug Trafficking (61.0%, §2D1.1), followed by Theft, Property Destruction, and Fraud (31.0%, §2B1.1), and all other offenses (8.0%).

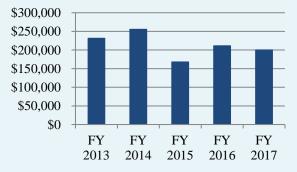
♦ 31.3% of money laundering offenders was based on the value of the laundered funds. The median value of laundered funds was \$200,000.

- Sentences for money laundering offenders were increased for:
 - 21.1% of offenders for knowing the laundered funds were proceeds of an offense involving a controlled substance, violence, weapons, national security, or the sexual exploitation of a minor;
 - 14.1% of offenders for a conviction under 18 U.S.C. § 1957 (Engaging in monetary transactions in property derived from specified unlawful activity);
 - 81.0% of offenders for a conviction under 18 U.S.C. § 1956 (Laundering of monetary instruments);
 - 7.5% of offenders for sophisticated laundering;
 - ♦ 21.7% of offenders for having a leadership or supervisory role in the offense; and
 - 4.2% of offenders for obstructing or impeding the administration of justice.
- Sentences for money laundering offenders were decreased for:
 - 10.0% of offenders because they were a minor or minimal participant in the offense.



Money Laundering Offenders FY 2017
FY 2017
Southern District of Texas
(N=79)
Eastern District of Tennessee
(N=60)
Western District of Texas
(N=53)
Southern District of New York
(N=42)
District of Arizona
(N=34)





¹ Of the 66,873 offenders sentenced in fiscal year 2017, 4,956 were excluded from this analysis due to incomplete guideline application information.

² Money Laundering cases include those with complete guideline application information in which the offender was sentenced under §2S1.1 (Laundering of Monetary Instruments; Engaging in Monetary Transactions in Property Derived from Unlawful Activity) using a *Guidelines Manual* in effect on November 1, 2001 or later.

Quick Facts

Punishment

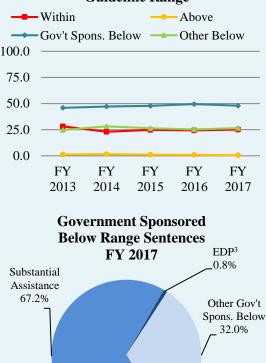
- The majority of money laundering offenders were sentenced to imprisonment only (84.7%).
- The average sentence length for money laundering offenders was 67 months.

Sentences Relative to the Guideline Range

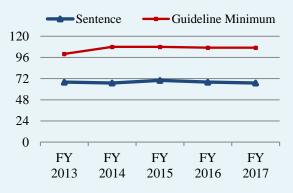
- During the past five years, the rate of within range sentences for money laundering offenders has decreased (from 28.2% in fiscal year 2013 to 25.1% in fiscal year 2017).
- In each of the past five years, slightly less than half of money laundering offenders received a sentence below the guideline range because the government sponsored the below range sentence.
 - Substantial assistance departures were granted in approximately one-third of money laundering cases in each of the past five years.
 - ♦ These offenders received an average reduction of 57.5% in their sentence during the five-year time period (which corresponds to an average reduction of 58 months).
 - Other government sponsored departures were granted in approximately ten to 17 percent of money laundering cases in each of the past five years.
 - ♦ These offenders received an average reduction of 50.4% in their sentence during the five-year time period (which corresponds to an average reduction of 51 months).
- In each of the past five years, approximately one-fourth of money laundering offenders received a non-government sponsored below range sentence.
 - Reductions for non-government sponsored below range sentences were smaller than in cases in which the government sponsored a below range sentence, with an average reduction of 43.1% during the five-year time period (which corresponds to an average reduction of 31 months).
- Both the average guideline minimum and the average sentence for money laundering offenders varied slightly during the past five years.
 - The average guideline minimum ranged from 100 months to 108 months during that time period;
 - The average sentence imposed ranged from 67 months to 70 months during that time period.

Money Laundering Offenses

Sentence Relative to the Guideline Range









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³ "Early Disposition Program (or EDP) departures" are departures where the government sought a sentence below the guideline range because the defendant participated in the government's Early Disposition Program, through which cases are resolved in an expedited manner. *See* USSG §5K3.1.

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